





INDIA HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SURVEY

November 2016

Welcome to the IHDS Forum

Welcome to the India Human
Development Survey Forum. The
IHDS is designed to be a public
resource to bear witness to India's
social and economic transformation
and to provide data for evidence-based policy
design. Here's a peek into the IHDS world where
our team of researchers and 8000 users worldwide trace the latestdevelopments on India's
socio-economic horizon. We look forward to
yourfeedback and participation in this endeavour.

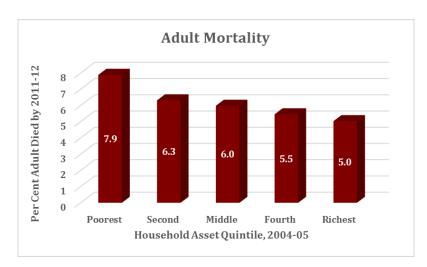
We expect to send about one email a month. If you would like to unsubscribe, please click on the link at the bottom of this email.

-- Dr. Sonalde Desai



IHDS Team photo taken at 3rd Annual Users Conference at Neemrana Fort Palace in March 2016.

IHDS Finds.... Richer Adults Live Longer



In his paper on adultmortality, Debasis Barik focuses on the effect of household economic

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resources onhealth and mortality among Indian adults. The results suggest that householdwealth plays a significant role in curbing mortality among Indian adults. Individuals in wealthier households havelower risks of death despite a slightly higher prevalence of diseases like diabetes, cardiac conditions or hypertension.



Debasis Barik is an Associate Fellow at National Council of Applied Economic Research, working with the Indian Human Development Survey (IHDS) project. His research interests are in the areas of public health, demography, migration, gender and social security.

Data Corner

- IHDS II Tracking and Village Files
 NowAvailable. Click here:
 http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPS
 R/studies/36151
- IHDS II files on: Eligible Women,
 BirthHistory, Medical Staff, Medical
 Facilities, Non-Residents, School
 Staff,School Facilities and the Wage and
 Salary File have been made available
 forpublic use. Go to ICPSR site:
 http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/ICPS
 R/studies/36151



Recent Press Articles

- Bansal, Samarth. "Janani Suraksha Yojana pays dividends." The Hindu. October 10, 2016.
- Mehta, Anupma. "Laadli races up literacy ladder in Himachal." The Tribune. August 22, 2016
- Desai, Sonalde & Amit Thorat. "The dynamic nature of poverty." The Hindu. August 2, 2016.
- Balcazar, Carlos Felipe, Sonalde Desai, Rinku Murgai and Ambar Narayan. "<u>Tackling Poverty in India: Jobs, not transfers, the big poverty-buster.</u>" The Indian Express. June 17, 2016.
- Desai, Sonalde. "Everybody loves a good quota." The Hindu. May 3, 2016.

Recent IHDS Team Publications

- Basu, Alaka and Sonalde Desai. 2016. "Hopes, Dreams and Anxieties: India's One Child Families," Asian Population Studies 12(1):4-27. online
- Desai, Sonalde. 2016. "Demographic deposit, dividend and debt." The Indian Journal of Labour Economics, online 04 May 2016.
- Thorat, Amit and Sonalde Desai. 2016. "Recent Evidence Shows Slow Improvement in Undernutrition in India," in Desai, Sonalde, Lawrence Haddad, Deepta Chopra and Amit Thorat (Ed.) <u>Undernutrition and Public Policy in India</u>



London: Routledge

Ruchi Jain, Sonalde Desai and Reeve Vanneman. 2016. "Janani Suraksha Yojana and Declining Socioeconomic Inequalities in Maternal Healthcare in Rural India." IHDS Working Paper.

Recent Publications by IHDS Community

 Allendorf, K. and Pandian, R. K. (2016). "The Decline of Arranged Marriage? Marital Change and Continuity in India." *Population and Development Review*. doi:10.1111/j.1728-4457.2016.00149.x

Axmann, Nikolaus, Kendal Swanson, & Victor CuspineraContreras (2016). "Caste and Religion-Based Wage Discrimination inthe Indian Private Sector: Evidence from the Indian Human DevelopmentSurvey," in *The Review of Black Political Economy*, pp 1-11, Firstonline: 30 May

2016. http://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s12114-016-9235-8

- Chatterjee, Urmila, Rinku Murgai, Ambar Narayan and MartinRama. (2016). "Pathways to Reducing Poverty and SharingProsperity in India: Lesson from the Last Two Decades." © 2016International Bank for Reconstruction and Development/ The WorldBank, 1818 H Street NW, Washington DC 20433. http://bit.ly/2dCvLeM
- Das, Dhiman (2016.) "Enrollment, educational expenditures and work among one-parent children in India." *Marriage and FamilyReview.* 52, (1-2), 196-215.
- Deshpande A., Sharma S. (2016). "Disadvantage and discrimination in self-employment: Caste gaps in earnings in Indian smallbusinesses." Small Business Economics. Volume 46, Issue 2, pp325-346.
- Halim, Nafisa, Kathryn M. Yount, and Solveig Cunningham. (2016). "Do Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Women LegislatorsMean Lower Gender-Caste Gaps in Primary Schooling in India?" in SocialScience Research, doi: 10.1016/j.ssresearch.2016.01.002 http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0049089X16000235

About IHDS

The IndiaHuman Development Survey (IHDS) is a nationally representative, multi-topicsurvey of 41,554 households in 1503 villages and 971 urban neighbourhoodsacross India. The first round of interviews was completed in 2004-5; data are publicly available through ICPSR. A second round of IHDS re-interviewed most of these households in 2011-12 (N=42,152) and data for same can be foundhere.

IHDS has been jointly organized byresearchers from the University of Maryland and the National Council ofApplied Economic Research (NCAER), New Delhi. Funding for the second round ofthis survey is provided by the National Institutes of Health, grants R01HD041455and R01HD061048. Additional funding is provided by The Ford Foundation, IDRCand DFID.



IHDS Principal Investigators

Sonalde Desai Professor, UMD Senior Fellow, NCAER Reeve Vanneman Professor, UMD Amaresh Dubey Professor, JNU Senior Consultant, NCAER

Contact Us:

Website: http://www.ihds.umd.edu
Mail: ihdsinfo@gmail.com

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